



University of Isfahan English Proficiency Test (UIEPT)

17 Azar 1401

دوره 64 برگزاری آزمون بسندگی زبان انگلیسی دانشگاه اصفهان



80 Questions
+
1 Essay Topic



11
PAGES



120
MINUTES

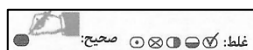


1401/09/17
DATE



NO CELL PHONES

نکات مهم آزمون:



- کلیه پاسخها باید در پاسخنامه علامت زده شود.
- پاسخ سؤالات باید با مداد مشکی نرم و پررنگ در بیضی مربوط مطابق نمونه صحیح علامت گذاری شود.
- لطفاً در دفترچه سؤالات و ذیل پاسخنامه، کلیه مشخصات خواسته شده را درج و امضا نمایید.
- این آزمون نمره منفی ندارد.
- زمان آزمون 120 دقیقه می باشد.
- تعداد سؤالات 80 سوال به اضافه بخش نوشتاری می باشد. همه سؤالات بخشهای شنیداری، گرامر، واژگان و درک مطلب نمره مساوی دارد. هر سوال 1/13 نمره از 90 دارد. بخش نوشتاری 10 نمره از 100 نمره دارد.
- نمره کلی آزمون از 100 محاسبه می شود: $80 \times 1/13 = 90 + 10 = 100$
- آزمون شامل سؤالات شنیداری (15 سوال)، گرامر (25 سوال)، واژگان (15 سوال) و درک مطلب (25 سوال) و نوشتار (یک موضوع انتخابی از دو موضوع داده شده) می باشد. برای بخش نوشتار، باید حدود 150 کلمه در مدت 20 دقیقه در باره موضوع داده شده نوشته شود.
- دفترچه سؤالات، بدون احتساب صفحه حاضر، 11 صفحه دارد. یک برگ پاسخنامه برای سؤالات چهارگزینه ای و یک برگ پاسخنامه بخش نوشتاری نیز داده خواهد شد. پاسخنامه اضافی نوشتاری تحویل نخواهد شد ولی در صورت نیاز می توانید از صفحه پشت پاسخنامه نوشتاری استفاده کنید. از پشت صفحه دفترچه سؤالات نیز می توانید به عنوان پیش نویس استفاده کنید.
- نمرات به صورت کارنامه تا ساعت 18 روز شنبه 19 آذر 1401، در سایت مرکز زبان آموزی به نشانی ulc.ui.ac.ir اعلام خواهد شد.
- هرگونه نظر در خصوص آزمون و یا تذکر اشکال احتمالی را می توانید به ایمیل رسمی مرکز زبان آموزی به نشانی ulc.ui.ac.ir@gmail.com ارسال فرمایید.
- به عنوان نمونه سؤال، در این نوبت آزمون، پس از تحویل پاسخنامه، می توانید دفترچه سؤالات را به همراه خود ببرید.
- کلید اولیه سؤالات پس از آزمون در سایت مرکز زبان آموزی قرار می گیرد. اگر در هنگام آزمون، پاسخ هر سوال را علاوه بر درج در پاسخنامه، در کنار هر سوال هم بگذارید، پس از آزمون هم می توانید نمره خود را محاسبه نمایید و هم اشکالات خود را ملاحظه نمایید. این امر جنبه یادگیری هم دارد.
- برای شما داوطلبین گرامی شرکت در این آزمون، آرزوی موفقیت داریم.

| مواد امتحانی | تعداد سؤال | از شماره | تا شماره |
|--------------|-------------------------------------|----------|----------|
| شنیداری | 15 | 1 | 15 |
| گرامر | 25 | 16 | 40 |
| واژگان | 15 | 41 | 55 |
| درک مطلب | 25 | 56 | 80 |
| نوشتاری | یک موضوع از دو موضوع داده شده | بخش E | |

نام و نام خانوادگی:

شماره دانشجویی:

رشته/گرایش تحصیلی:

دانشگاه/دانشکده:

For more information on the exam, you may visit our official website: ulc.ui.ac.ir

Part A: Listening



Listen and mark your answers to questions 1-15 in the answer sheet. The audio will be played only once.

به فایل صوتی با دقت گوش دهید و پاسخ سؤالات 1 تا 15 را در پاسخنامه علامت بزنید. فایل صوتی تنها یک بار پخش خواهد شد

Section A: Questions 1-5.

1) What is the main topic of the discussion?

- a) A comparison of diel vertical migration and reverse migration
- b) Why some organisms use diel vertical migration
- c) The relationship between size and hunting behavior in ocean animals
- d) How scientists discovered diel vertical migration

2) Why does the student say this? *"It's just...well, earlier you mentioned the term diel?"*

- a) To ask about the origins of the word "diel"
- b) To show that she understands the concept
- c) To suggest that the professor's definition was incomplete
- d) To find out the correct pronunciation of a word

3) Why does the professor mention squid?

- a) To name a predator that typically hunts during the day
- b) To describe an animal that lives in shallow waters
- c) To give an example of an organism that uses diel vertical migration
- d) To suggest that few animals use diel vertical migration

4) What does the professor say about reverse migration?

- a) It doesn't occur as often as diel vertical migration.
- b) It is more common in lakes than it is in the ocean.
- c) Some animals use both reverse migration and diel vertical migration.
- d) Many scientists don't think it exists.

5) Based on the information in the discussion, what can be inferred about aquatic predators?

- a) They hunt primarily by using their sense of sight.
- b) They don't follow their prey's migration patterns.
- c) They are less vulnerable to sunlight than their prey is.
- d) They often prey on creatures that use reverse migration.

Section A: Questions 6-15.

6) What describes the man?

- a) He enjoys sports.
- b) He doesn't like his team.
- c) He doesn't want to lose.
- d) He is not athletic.

7) What would the woman suggest?

- a) Wait for better weather.
- b) Don't skate so early.
- c) Skate with a friend.
- d) Buy a new pair of skates.

8) Where did this conversation take place?

- a) at a restaurant b) in a kitchen c) at a theater d) at a grocery store

9) What does the woman mean?

- a) She has never seen the man. b) She doesn't know any European history.
c) She and the man were classmates. d) She doesn't remember the man.

10) Whom is the soccer ball for?

- a) Jeremy's brother b) Jeremy c) the woman d) the man

11) What does the woman say about the man's call?

- a) She's glad he called) b) She thought he would call.
c) She's angry because he didn't call. d) She doesn't mind that he didn't call.

12) Where does this conversation probably take place?

- a) in an airplane b) in a truck c) at a sporting event d) in a department store

13) What does the man say about his test results?

- a) He is very unhappy with the test. b) He doesn't have another chance to take the test.
c) He plans on taking the test again. d) He is satisfied with the score.


14) Where does this conversation probably take place?

- a) in the woods b) at a library c) at a soccer game d) in a restaurant

15) What does the woman say about her trip?

- a) She found a great parking place. b) The park was wonderful.
c) She didn't enjoy the trip. d) She could not find the place

Part B: Grammar

 **Section 1. Read each test item carefully and answer the questions by choosing the answer (a), (b), (c) or (d). Then mark the correct choice on your answer sheet.**



تشخیص گزینه صحیح

16) Thank you for ... me how to get there.

- a) to tell b) tell c) telling d) be telling

17) You can't stop me ... what I want.

- a) do b) to do c) doing d) that I do

18) George goes to ... by car.

- a) work b) the work c) a work d) working

19) "What are the office hours where you work?"

"..., everyone comes in at eight and leaves at five."

- a) General b) In generally c) In the general d) In general

20) “Is your government salary good?”

“Yes, but I don’t make as much ... worked in private industry.”

- a) as I b) if I would have c) I would if d) as I would if I

21) “Why did she type all those letters?”

“ ... new to the job, she didn’t know it wasn’t necessary.”

- a) While being b) Being c) When being d) As being

22) “I really like your new shoes.”

“And they cost less than I”

- a) expect b) was expected c) had expected d) am expecting

23) “Several languages are spoken in your country, aren’t they?”

“Yes, but French is in this region.”

- a) dominated b) the dominating c) dominant d) the domination

24) The shuttle, ... reusable spacecraft, lifts off like a rocket.

- a) it is a b) which as a c) a d) is a

25) On Jupiter, the winds have created storms ... big that astronomers on Earth can see them through their telescopes.

- a) so b) as c) such d) how

26) Larger animals ... than smaller animals of the same type.

- a) longer live generally c) generally live longer
b) they generally live long d) live generally long

27) Microwaves are used for cooking, telecommunications, and

- a) to diagnose medically c) medical diagnosing
b) diagnosed medically d) medical diagnosis

28) People with exceptionally high intelligence quotients may not be the best employees since they ... unless the job is constantly changing.

- a) become bored of their work c) are becoming boring in life
b) become bored with their work d) work becoming bored



Section 2. Choose the underlined words or phrases that need to be corrected. Mark the answers on your answer sheet.

تشخیص گزینه غلط

29) They cannot go camping right now because they are taking care of a three-weeks-old baby.
a b c d

30) We believe that he already feels very badly about his mistake and we have decided to
a b

take no further action.

c d

31) In human beings, the liver is the biggest glandular organ of his digestive system.
a c d

32) Many scientists contributed to the development of television, whether no one
a b c d
person can be said to have invented it.

33) Northern Canada contains vast areas treeless of low vegetation known as tundra.
a b c d

34) Gordon Parks composed, wrote, and directed *Martin*, the classical ballet who
a b c
examines the meaning of the life of Martin Luther King. Jr.
d

35) In 1965, Rodolfo Gonzales has established an organization called the Crusade
a b c
For Justice in Denver, Colorado.
D

36) Because he had not been able to hear well, Gibert asked what the question was?
a b c d

37) She speaks always English to her boss while she is in the office.
a b c d

38) The three nations have been quarreling between themselves for many years.
a b c d

51) Boys usually grow less quickly than girls, both physically and mentally.

- a) reinforce b) conclude c) mature d) transfer

52) Being rebellious is a natural symptom in teenagers who are not interested in following norms.

- a) hard-working b) self-centered c) straightforward d) not obeying

53) There are several stereotypes regarding elderly people, some of which are not true at all.

- a) beliefs b) consequences c) decrees d) fables

54) One of the most disturbing phenomena is that sometimes suicides occur in clusters.

- a) puzzling b) motivating c) upsetting d) odd

55) Cooperation is a tool by which members of a group can resolve a difficulty together.

- a) point out b) settle c) discuss d) bind

Part D: Reading Comprehension



Read the texts carefully and choose the best answer to the questions that follow.



Reading 1

The Greenland Shark, whose scientific name, *somniosus microcephalus*, means “smallheaded sleeper,” has eluded study until recently and is unique among sharks of the world) As one might imagine, the water of Arctic



Bay is extremely frigid, but the Greenland Shark is perfectly suited for it. The shark itself may appear ghoulish, having large nostrils, gray and blotched skin, a mouth full of sharp teeth, and milky eyes (like those of a dead fish) with something that appears like a tassel hanging from each of them.

Its jaw and teeth look quite similar to those of other sharks, with entire layers of teeth being discarded together and replaced with a new set. The lethargic shark feeds on seals, fish, and carrion, with a power to suck in huge pieces of meat. It is known to grow to at least 20 or more feet and to live for at least 16 years, although there is not much data on the subject.

Curiously, when the flesh of one of these sharks is ingested by any being other than another Greenland Shark, a strong neurotoxin causes extreme intoxication. Researchers have spotted packs of wild dogs that have eaten a dead Greenland Shark and become so intoxicated that **they** could not walk. The shark meat can be detoxified by soaking it in salt water for several days, and then there is no adverse effect.

The tassel-like object hanging from the eyes is, in fact, a certain type of parasite called **copepod** that regularly attaches itself to the cornea of Greenland Sharks, severely damaging their eyesight. The three-inch invertebrate exhibits two claw-like appendages that hook on to the cornea) A scar is created where the copepod latches on and where it moves back and forth across the eye. This is what results in the milky eyes. Unbelievably, the shark still appears to see through the fogginess and the annoying copepod hanging in front of the cornea, although its sight does not appear to be that important. Naturally, it has a keen sense of smell to make up for the lack of sight.

- 56) The word “**eluded**” in line 3 is closest in meaning to
a) undergone b) escaped c) met d) fulfilled
- 57) The word “**frigid**” in line 6 is closest in meaning to
a) freezing b) deep c) warm d) food-filled
- 58) The word “**them**” in line 10 refers to
a) eyes b) sharks c) mouths d) tassel
- 59) The author implies that instead of losing a tooth, the Greenland shark
a) loses an entire set at once c) loses two at a time
b) retains all its teeth for life d) can regenerate a broken tooth like the tail of a lizard
- 60) The author implies that due to the extremely cold water,
a) the shark does not live long
b) it has been difficult to observe the shark to any great degree
c) the shark hibernates
d) the sharks only move around in daylight
- 61) The author indicates that the Greenland Shark’s flesh contains
a) tasty meat b) a material that causes intoxication
c) an amoeba d) more fat than that of other sharks

62) The word “they” in line 17 refers to

a) researchers

b) dogs

c) sharks

d) parasites

63) The passage indicates in the last paragraph that a “copepod” is

a) a type of shark

b) a type of dog

c) a type of parasite

d) a researcher



Reading 2

The pain of a migraine headache can virtually disable a person who suffers from it. Millions and millions of people suffer from migraines, although many of them do not even recognize that a migraine is different from a regular headache. A migraine



is not at all the same as a normal headache, and it seems to have a very physical cause.

One symptom of a migraine is a precursor, which is a visual aura before an attack. Yet only about a third of patients actually experience that, and it is therefore not a requirement in the diagnosis. Other symptoms include increased pain when a person moves, nausea, and sensitivity to light and sound.

Scientists now believe that migraines are caused, not by abnormal blood vessels as previously believed, but instead by a unique electrical disorder of brain cells. Physicians used to treat migraines with medicine to constrict blood vessels because of the belief that dilated blood vessels were the cause.

The new research has been enhanced by imaging devices that allow scientists to watch patients' brains during an attack. The results show that sufferers have abnormally excitable neurons, or brain nerve cells. Prior to the attack, the neurons suddenly fire off electrical pulses at the back of the brain, which ripple like waves on a lake after a stone hits the water. They ripple across the top and then the back of the brain, ultimately affecting the brain stem where the pain centers are located) The pain then generates possibly from the brain stem itself or from blood vessels inflamed by the rapidly changing blood flow, or perhaps from both.

72) The author describes the firing of the neurons during a migraine as

- a) random
- b) moving in a specific order along the brain towards the brain stem like ripples of water
- c) unrelated to the migraine itself
- d) starting at the brain stem and radiating towards the top of the head

73) The best title for this passage would be

- a) Imaging As a Means of Studying Migraines
- b) How Migraines and Headaches are Different
- c) New Evidence of How Migraines Are Formed
- d) New Treatments for Migraines

74) Researchers believe that long-term migraine sufferers

- a) are susceptible to illness.
- b) can suffer physical changes in the brain and be in chronic pain.
- c) are not following instructions about their environment.
- d) can take a migraine medicine and avoid problems in the future.



Reading 3

The period of the American Revolution was a time of contrasts in American fashion. In urban centers, women enjoyed a wide range of expression in the fashions available to them, even though shortages might force a young lady to wear an outfit made from the bright red uniform of her British beau. The patriots, however, tended to scorn fashion as frivolous in time of war. In remote areas, patriotic groups led boycotts of British goods and **loomed** their own woolen cloth.

In selecting clothes, stylish American ladies depended on "fashion babies"—foot-high dolls illustrating the latest Paris styles. This infatuation with the fashion trends of the "continent" remained intact well into the twentieth century. Indeed, even today, New York's fashion industry has not fully escaped the tyranny of French design.

Mourning garments were almost impossible to obtain since black cloth had to be imported from England; black arm bands were introduced as a substitute. Gauze, indispensable for petticoats, aprons, and ladies' headgear, was also in short supply. There was also a taste for outlandish accessories and fanciful detailing: feathers in hats, elaborate buttons, and gaudily patterned fabrics. These excesses were called "macaroni" and are immortalized in the song Yankee Doodle.

75) Which of the following is the most appropriate title for this passage?

- a) A Revolution in Fashion
- b) Clothing Shortages of the Revolution
- c) Clothing Styles in Revolutionary America
- d) Conflict in the Fashion Industry

76) Which of the following can be inferred from the passage about people's attitudes toward fashion?

- a) They varied according to political beliefs.
- b) They were determined mainly by geography
- c) They corresponded to a person's social standing.
- d) They were a matter of personal taste.

77) The word "loomed" in line 5 is closest in meaning to.....

- a) grew bigger
- b) wove
- c) picked
- d) quilted

78. What were clothes made from in rural areas?

- a) home-made wool
- b) imported British goods
- c) cloth stolen from the British
- d) gauze

79. "*Fashion babies*" were

- a) dolls for children
- b) 12-inch figures used to display clothes
- c) life-sized models dressed in current styles
- d) illustrations from fashion magazines

80) Which of the following can best be said about the Paris fashion industry?

- a) It has come to the forefront only recently, compared to New York.
- b) It has long exerted a powerful influence on American fashion.
- c) It retains its taste for gaudy, "macaroni" type excess.
- d) It is unable to break free from New York's influence.

Part E: Writing

81) Choose one of the following topics and write an essay about it. Write for at least 100 words in no more than 20 minutes.

A) *In some countries, many people suffer from health problems due to eating too much fast food. It is, therefore, necessary for governments to impose a higher tax on this kind of food. To what extent do you agree or disagree? Give specific reasons and examples to support your position.*

B) *Plastic shopping bags are used widely and cause many environmental problems. Some people say they should be banned. To what extent do you agree or disagree? Give specific details and examples to support your opinion.*

THIS IS THE END OF THE TEST